| Course code | Course Name | L-T-P -C | Year of Introduction |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| EE431 | Power System Lab | 0-0-3-1 | 2016 |

Prerequisites : 1. EE301 Power generation, Transmission and Protection 2. EE306 Power System Analysis

Course Objectives

- Impart practical knowledge about various power system components
- Acquire knowledge about the operation of power systems and the philosophy behind the relay settings, fault calculations etc.
- Simulate the power system operations which will be helpful in the design of power systems
- Introduce the various testing procedures used in power systems

List of Exercises/Experiments: Both software and hardware experiments are included. At least 12 experiments including minimum 4 hardware experiments are mandatory.

Part A Power System Simulation

- I. Y-Bus Formulation: Aim: To formulate a Y Bus using an appropriate algorithm for at least a four Bus system.
- II. Load flow analysis –Gauss Siedel Method

Aim: To conduct the load flow analysis of power system networks (not more than 6 bus) on any dedicated software platform using Gauss Seidel method and to verify by manual calculation at least for one iteration.

III. (a) Load flow analysis –Newton Raphson Method

Aim: To conduct the load flow analysis of power system networks (not more than 6 bus) on any dedicated software platform using Newton Raphson method.

(b) Load flow analysis –Fast Decoupled Method

Aim: To conduct the load flow analysis of power system networks (not more than 6 bus) on any dedicated software platform using Fast Decoupled method.

IV. Short Circuit Analysis – Symmetrical Faults

Aim: To conduct the fault analysis of power system networks(not more than 9 bus) on any dedicated software platform to solve a symmetrical fault and to verify by manual calculation.

V. Short Circuit Analysis – Unsymmetrical Faults

Aim: To conduct the fault analysis of power system networks(not more than 9 bus) on any dedicated software platform to solve three symmetrical faults (both at bus and in line).

VI. Stability analysis

Aim: To find the critical clearing angle by applying equal area criterion for any power system network and verify the same using any dedicated software.

VII. Automatic generation control – Single Area

Aim: To determine the change in speed, frequency and steady state error corresponding to a load disturbance in a single area power system, with and without supplementary control using any software

VIII. Automatic generation control – Two Area

Aim: To determine the change in speed, frequency and steady state error corresponding to a load disturbance in a single area power system, with and without supplementary control using any software

IX. Reactive power control

Aim: To find suitable devices for applying reactive power control of power system networks for Voltage control and Power flow control using any dedicated software.

X. Solar power calculations

Aim: To calculate the rating of solar panel required for a given area on rooftop for a given load.

Part B Power System Component Testing (Hardware experiments)

- XI. High voltage testing -Power frequency Aim: To test the given power system component (Circuit Breaker/ Insulator/ Lightning Arrester/ Air blast switch etc.) using AC Voltage.
- XII. High voltage testing -Impulse Aim: To test the given power system component (Circuit Breaker/ Insulator/ Lightning Arrester/ Air blast switchetc.) using Impulse Voltage.
- XIII. High voltage testing -DC Aim: To test the given power system component (Circuit Breaker/ Insulator/ Lightning Arrester/ Air blast switchetc.) using DC Voltage.
- XIV. Relay Testing Over current relay (Electromechanical/Static/Numerical)/ Earth fault

| | Aim: To test the pick up, drop out and plot the time current characteristics of the relev | |
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| | me relay. | |
| XV. | Relay Testing - Over voltage relay (Electromechanical/Static/Numerical)/ Distance | |
| | Aim: To test the pick up, drop out and plot the time current characteristics of | |
| | the relay. | |
| 373 71 | | |
| XVI. | Aim : To determine the insulation resistance of the given LT & HT Cable by using appropriate testing equipments | |
| XVI | . Earth Resistance | |
| | Aim: To determine the resistance to earth of the given earthing system and | |
| | design an earthing system from soil resistivity of the given area. | |
| XVII | Testing of CT and PT | |
| | Aim: To check the specifications of the given Current transformers and | |
| | Potential Transformers | |
| XVII | Testing of transformer oil | |
| | Aim: To measure the dielectric strength of the given sample of Transformer oil. | |
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| XX. | Testing of dielectric strength of solid insulating materials | |
| | Aim: To measure the dielectric strength of solid insulting materials (mica, | |
| | impregnated paper etc) using appropriate methods. | |
| VVI | Testing of dielectric strength of air | |
| | Aim: To measure the dielectric strength of air under different conditions | |
| | This To measure the delective sublight of an ander anterent conditions | |
| XXI | . Power factor improvement | |
| | Aim: To calculate rating of capacitors for power factor correction for a load and | |
| | verify it experimentally. | |
| XXI | II. String Efficiency of insulators | |
| | Aim: To determine the string efficiency of the given string of insulators. | |
| Expected | outcome. | |
| Students | will be able to | |
| 1. A | naryse a power system by carrying out load now and short circuit | |
| 2 4 | permentations. | |
| 2. A 3 D | esign a solar panel required for a specified area | |
| 4. V | alidate the performance of Power System devices by appropriate tests. | |
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| Text Boo | ks: | |
| 1. N | agrath I J and Kothari D P, "Modern Power System analysis" Tata McGraw Hill | |
| 2. Wadhwa C L "Electrical Power Systems" New Age International | | |
| 3. B | adri Ram and Vishwakarma D N " Power System Protection and Switch Gear" | |
| | ala McGraw Hill. | |

4. Ned Mohan, First Course in Power Systems, Wiley.